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## **Life estates and an approach to valuation in 2024 - by Marc Nadeau**

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Inherent in the fee simple ownership of real estate is something that is commonly referred to as the “Bundle of Rights.” The Bundle of rights is in effect the exclusive right, use and disposition of the property that belong to the property owner. Inherent within the Bundle of Rights can be the right to sell, the right to mortgage, the right to occupy, the right to lease and the right to enter. The owner of the Bundle of Rights typically has the ability to convey all or some of those rights to another. The conveyance of the right to another person that enables them to occupy a property for the duration of their life is commonly known as a life estate. The beneficiary of the life estate is referred to as the tenant. The person or entity that actually has the ownership in the real property is referred to as the remainderman.

The life estate interest is an estate in real property that ends upon the death of the holder of life estate, (the tenant). The property may then revert back to the original owner of the property or some other designated person (the remainderman).

#### Uses of a life estate

The life estate is typically used as a tool for estate planning. A life estate can avoid probate and help ensure that the intended heir will receive title to the real property. For example, let’s say that an aging parent would like to see to it that their son or daughter receive the full benefit of the value of the parent’s property, without the potential hassle of the property passing through probate or term care or perhaps Medicare costs eroding the value of the estate, a life estate is a likely vehicle for planning.

#### The Appraiser’s Role

There are multiple scenarios where an appraiser is needed to evaluate a life estate. Sometimes the role of the appraiser is to estimate the value of the interest for the tenant and sometimes the role is to estimate the value of the remainderman.

#### Valuation Scenario – Remainderman’s Interest

The following is an example where the appraiser’s role is to value the interest of the remainderman. The property is encumbered by a life use that has been granted to a 70-year-old person.

There are a series of steps that must be taken in this valuation scenario which are summarized as follows:

- Estimate the fee simple market value of the property assuming it is unencumbered as of the date of conveyance. The scenario presented assumes a fee simple market value of \$500,000.
- Estimate the term of the life estate. This element is based upon the age of the beneficiary (the tenant) of the life estate and their life expectancy. Life expectancy can be estimated from a variety of published tables including that of the tables included in Actuarial Life Table published by the Social

Security Administration, which contains a table of life expectancies based upon age. In the case of this valuation scenario, the beneficiary is 70 years old and has a life expectancy of 13.59 years, say 14 years. The following is an excerpt from the Life-Expectancy table that is included on Social Security Administration website. (See Table 1)

Table 1 - Expectancy of Life in Years

- Estimate the expected rate of appreciation over the life expectancy. There are a variety of statistical references that an appraiser can utilize to estimate the expected rate of appreciation. That expected rate of appreciation should be rooted in fact and takes into consideration the kind of property that is being valued. For example, if that property is located in an area that historically has seen better than average appreciation, then it is likely warranted that a better than average rate of appreciation be projected. If that property is located in an area or is the type of property where decline in property value is expected for some time then a below average rate of appreciation should be projected.

For this valuation scenario let's assume that the property will achieve a rate of appreciation that is typical of the general market.

In this case your appraiser might utilize an institutional or nationally recognized benchmark such as the Consumer Price Index (all items). The benchmark chosen in this case was the twenty-year average of the Consumer Price Index (CPI), "All items." The 20-year average mirrors the term of the life expectancy of the tenant with CPI being one of most reliable and least subjective measurements of anticipated appreciation. A review of the CPI index, as published by the Bureau of Labor Statistics between 2003 and 2023 revealed an average rate of inflation of 2.55%. Notwithstanding, the past two years have been anomalies with CPI increasing 8.0% in 2022 and 4.1% in 2023. Thus far during the first half of 2024, inflation is tracking at 3.3%, more of a return to normal. Your appraiser has chosen a rate of 3% for the anticipated annual rate of appreciation, which better mirrors the life expectancy of the sample person's age in this exercise.

Discount the forecasted future value of the property over the remaining duration of the life estate at an appropriate discount rate. Discount rate is synonymous with what would be an expected rate of return for a like property.

Expected Rate of Return/Discount Rate is essentially synonymous with the rate that an investor would expect over the anticipated holding period. There of course is the option of polling individual investors in real estate in order to establish what the expected rate of return should be. This however, is typically not a feasible method and would likely be flawed, depending upon the size of

the sampling. Your appraiser in this case has consulted the Price Waterhouse Coopers Investor Survey that was published for the second quarter of 2023. Discount rates for residential apartment properties ranged from 5.75% to 8% with an average of 6.63%. The subject property being a residential single-family home would generally result in a rate at the lower end of the scale simply because it is generally not viewed as an investment vehicle. Your appraiser has estimated a rate of 6% for the subject property.

Other benchmarks for expected rate of return could be long-term treasuries, bonds, equities or some type of index fund as these investment vehicles could all be alternatives to investing in real estate. Table 2 depicts some of the other investment vehicles that an appraiser might reference:

Table 2

Table 2 illustrates what might be considered extreme ends of the investment spectrum yet also illuminates options that a prospective investor might consider.

Table 3

Summary of life estate Valuation ~ Remainderman Interest:

The remainderman's interest is valued at \$335,000, much lower than the fee simple market value of \$500,000 (See Table 3).

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