

## How to create and manage retirement income - Part 1

June 10, 2009 - Financial Digest

If you are at the stage of your life where you will stop working or you have a desire to work less you will need to develop a plan to create an income stream from your investments. When I work with clients I emphasize our goal is to create an increasing and growing future income stream to at least keep pace with the cost of living in the future and ideally exceed the cost of living or inflation.

Gather the information: The first step is to prepare a retirement budget or a listing of your estimated expenses in retirement. Many times clients will ask me if they have enough investment assets to retire and I always tell them it depends on how much you plan on spending in retirement. Some of my clients need \$50,000 annually and others need \$250,000 annually. The amount they need many times has nothing to do with their accumulated assets. The second step is to prepare a complete inventory of all of your investment assets including your home. The third step is to determine guaranteed sources of income such as social security and/or pension and annuities. You or your financial advisor would then need to prepare a spreadsheet projecting your expenses into the future and showing your income from guaranteed sources and your potential income from your investments. This is where a financial advisor/planner can really come in helpful.

Different types of income producing investments: The following are the investment options you have to create an income stream:

- 1. Bonds: Bonds are basically loans to corporations, the U.S. government or municipalities. Bonds generate interest payments in the 5% range (1). They are typically safe and throw off a good income stream. They can help to offset losses within a stock portfolio and provide some stability. The disadvantage of bonds is the income stream does not increase with the cost of living and in the long term your income may not exceed the inflation rate thereby lowering your future purchasing power. Treasury inflation protected bonds have been created to provide an inflation adjusted income however the current yield is low.
- 2. Money market/ CD's: Money market funds and CD's are ideal for short term savings and may make sense in a rising interest rate environment. As I write this article, money market rates are in the 1% range and CD's are in the 2% range depending on the duration of the CD. One of the biggest problems I see with our new clients portfolios is an over reliance on these so called safe investments. They are safe in the short term (as long as your money is with multiple banks). However they are risky to a long term retirement income plan because of the effect of inflation. If the inflation rate is 3% and a CD is yielding 2% 1.47% net after tax then your future purchasing power is declining not rising. However, due to the liquidity and safety of this asset class we like to keep about three years worth of living expenses in money market/ cash for short term income needs.
- 3. Dividend Paying Stocks: Dividend paying stocks can be a very good investment for a retiree because they offer current income and the best chance for a growing future income stream. If the dividend paying stocks appreciate by 7% annually and throw off a 2% dividend the income stream

will double in about 11 years. In addition you will have an account value growing much greater than the cost of living.

(1) Statistical Source: Lehman Brothers Aggregate Bond Index

Part 2 will appear in the July 10th edition of the New England Real Estate Journal in the Financial Digest setion.

Brian Hill is ChFC at Capital Analysts of New England, Quincy, Mass.

New England Real Estate Journal - 17 Accord Park Drive #207, Norwell MA 02061 - (781) 878-4540